

## WOMAN AND HOME

Under this department recipes, ideas, experiences and information of interest are solicited

### "A Day in May"

Earth is singing in the Sunshine  
With the joy of early Spring  
Violet blue, and woodland primrose  
To the wind their sweetest thing.  
Scattered o'er the green-dressed meadows  
White-tipped daisy buds unfold  
With the buttercups of yellow  
Nature's silver; Nature's gold.

### Children's Plan for Early Gardening

May—All early garden things, if not in, should be planted this month. After May 15 the tender ones: Nasturtium, morning-glory, scarlet runner, sunflower, zinnia, portulaca. In the kitchen garden: Corn, late peas, beans, tomatoes, squash, pumpkin, melon, and early vegetables for a succession.

A seed apron will be useful to the woman who works in a garden. Seed packets are liable to be mislaid or overturned, but the apron designed especially for them will keep them safe. Make it of strong gingham, adding little pockets in rows. Leave a margin of eight inches all around.

To grow asters from seed do not start them in boxes indoors, as they do not stand confinement well. About the first week in May dig up a place in the garden, say three feet square. Dig deep then scatter wood ashes over it, and rake it well. Buy seed from a trustworthy firm, and scatter it well over the plot. Mark the different colors. If there should be a cold night after the little plants come up cover them with a woolen cloth, weighing the edges so it will not blow off. When the plants have eight leaves transplant them into rows fifteen inches apart in good rich soil. Keep out the weeds, and water the plants whenever they need it. This advice comes from one who has grown asters for several years.

### Can Serve Cakes and Save Wheat Too, Say M. A. C. Food Experts

An enigma that has puzzled many a Michigan housewife since the saving of food has become a cardinal duty in every American home, has been solved by the department of home economics of M. A. C. The department has learned by repeated trials that if housewives care to, they can still enliven the family menu with a cake now and then and save wheat too if they will make a proper use of substitutes.

We are realizing more keenly every day that the food problem is a real problem and that to solve it we

must have the patriotic cooperation of every member of every family," the department declares. "We accordingly are all living more simply and giving up gladly luxuries and rich foods such as pastries, rich cakes and desserts which require large amounts of fat and sugar.

"Occasionally, however, a simple cake may well be served if wheat is saved—for lack of wheat is our serious question from now until the coming harvest.

"M. A. C. workers have found that it is quite possible to take as a basis a good standard cake recipe, and modify it successfully by using substitute flours in place of wheat flour. In any recipe in which baking powder or soda is used as a leavening agent, it is possible to use substitutes in large proportions—60 to 100 per cent.

"Potatoes are good in cake, often being used in this way to keep the cake from drying out quickly. Mash the potatoes and beat up with milk until very light. Your favorite cake recipe can be used by merely substituting one cup of mashed potatoes for one-half cup of milk and one-half cup of flour."

### War Cakes

Well tried recipes may be used, substituting syrups or sugar, cup for cup. For each cup of syrup used, reduce the liquid called for in the recipe one-fourth cup. Use one-fourth to one-half teaspoonful soda for each cup of molasses used. (Use no baking powder when soda is used.) If consistency seems thin when cake is mixed, add more flour, as the water content of syrups varies.

### Barley Cake

One-fourth cup sugar, one and one-half cups barley flour, one and one-half cups milk, one-half teaspoonful molasses, one-half teaspoonful salt, three-fourths cup barley flour, one egg, one and one-half teaspoonsful baking powder.

Cream fat and sugar thoroughly. Add egg yolk, milk and sifted flour to which baking powder has been added. Fold in egg whites. Bake in oil tin 30 to 40 minutes in moderate oven.

### Rice Cake

One-fourth cup sugar, one and one-half cups rice flour, one and one-half cups milk, one-half teaspoonful molasses, three-fourths cup rice flour, one egg, one and one-half teaspoonsful

flour baking powder and one-half teaspoonful salt.  
Cream fat and sugar thoroughly. Add egg yolk, milk and sifted flour to which baking powder has been added. Fold in egg whites. Bake in oil tin 30 to 40 minutes in moderate oven.

### Corn Cake

One-fourth cup sugar, one and one-half cups corn oil, one-fourth cup milk, one-half teaspoonful molasses, three-fourths cup corn flour, one egg, one and one-half teaspoonsful baking powder, one-half teaspoonful salt.

Cream fat and sugar thoroughly. Add egg yolk, milk, and sifted flour to which baking powder has been added. Fold in egg whites, bake in oil tin 30 or 40 minutes in moderate oven.

**Moist Chocolate Cake**  
(Barley Flour and Mashed Potatoes)  
One-third cup shortening, (three tablespoonsful corn or Wesson oil), one-half cup sugar, yolks two eggs, one-half cup sugar, one-half cup hot mashed potatoes, one ounce chocolate melted, one-fourth cup sweet milk, one cup barley flour, one and three-fourths teaspoonsful baking powder, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one-fourth teaspoonful cloves, one cup nut meats, and whites of two eggs well beaten.

Cream the shortening and sugar together. Add potato. Add chocolate. Add spices and baking powder together with flour. Add milk and alternately, add nut meats and fold in egg whites. Bake in loaf. Add no frosting to this cake.  
(Continued Next Week.)

### Early Spring Desserts

**Apple Indian Pudding**—One-half cupful of Indian meal, one-half cupful of molasses, one quart milk, one teaspoonful salt.

Scald the milk and pour it slowly on the meal, molasses and salt. Add a small piece of butter, a bit of cinnamon and some ginger. Half fill a pudding dish with quartered sweet apples. Pour in the mixture, and add one cupful of cold milk. Bake slowly for three hours.

**The President's Pudding Sauce**—One-half cupful butter, one cupful of powdered sugar, one-fourth cupful of cream or milk, one teaspoonful vanilla.

Beat the butter to a cream, add the sugar gradually, when light and creamy add the vanilla, then cream a little at a time and place in a dish of hot water until the sauce is creamy, but no longer.

**Cream Tapioca Pudding**—Soak two tablespoonsful of tapioca over

night. In the morning drain and add three cupfuls of coffee. Cook until soft in a double boiler. Thicken with one teaspoonful of cornstarch. Add half a cupful of sugar and a little salt. Serve with sugar and cream.

**Honey Blanc Manger**—Half a cupful of honey, four heaping tablespoonsful of cornstarch, a quart of a cupful of cold milk, two cupfuls of boiling milk and a pinch of salt. Moisten the cornstarch with the cold milk, then add the boiling milk and stir until it boils for eight minutes, then add the salt and the honey. Divide into small wet molds to cool. Turn out, sprinkle a few chopped nuts over the top and serve with cream.

**Plymouth Custards**—Four eggs, one quart milk, one scant cupful sugar.  
Put into custard-cups, grate a little nutmeg over the top, and set in a jar of hot water in the oven. Bake for twenty minutes.

**Custard Souffle**—Rub two scant tablespoonsful of butter to a cream; add two tablespoonsful of flour and pour on gradually one cupful of hot milk. Cook for eight minutes in the double boiler, stirring often. Separate the yolks and whites of four eggs; put the whites on ice, beat the yolks. Add two tablespoonsful of sugar and add to the milk and set away to cool. Half an hour before serving beat the whites of the eggs stiff and cut them in lightly. Bake in a buttered pudding dish in a moderate oven for thirty minutes. Serve at once with creamy sauce.

**Pudding Crusts**—Pie paste is a cover for boiled or baked fruit puddings.

Potato crust for boiled fruit puddings is made as follows: Boil and mash three or four good potatoes. Mix two cupfuls of sifted flour with two cupfuls of potato. Use a chopping knife so as to keep free from clogging. Chop in one cupful of butter and one teaspoonful of salt. Mix to a paste with very cold water. Gather into a heap, without molding, on to the p-board, to roll out. Puddings should be boiled in a cloth.

## SCHOOL OF CANNING PLANNED FOR WOMEN

M. A. C. Facilities Placed at the  
Disposal of Michigan  
Housewives.

East Lansing, Mich., May 20.—A "school of canning" will be one of the features this summer of the M. A. C.'s program for assisting in the training of women of the state for war work. The school, which will be in the nature of a short course in food conservation for housewives and housekeepers, will be offered by the department of home economics of M. A. C. and will be conducted in the class rooms and laboratories of the women's buildings.

It is intended, according to Miss Georgia L. White, dean of women, to receive the women in two sections. The first of these will be instructed from June 24 to June 28, and the second detachment from July 1 to July 4. Only women who have had at least two years of college training in domestic science will be eligible to the first school, but the second course from July 1 to 4 will be open to every woman in the state. Inquiries, it is added, should be addressed to the department of home economics, East Lansing.

A similar school a year ago was attended by almost 200 persons. Commencement on work by the first section will be on June 24, the same day that the college will reopen for the summer term.

Anyone from this place planning on attending should notify the department.

### ABOUT A BACKYARD HENHERRY

Make a henberry one of your answers to history.  
A dozen or so hens in your back yard.  
Little equipment needed.  
A hobby rather than a task.  
Interesting to that boy or girl.  
Feed consists largely of garbage, insects, waste, and weeds.  
Manufactured by Mrs. Hen Laid eggs and meat.

## RESULTS TELL

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Belding

Results tell the tale.  
All doubt is removed.  
The testimony of a Belding citizen can be easily investigated.  
What better proof of merit can be had?

Lewis Hanson, 909 S. Bridge St., Belding, says: "A few years ago I was having trouble with my kidneys and as I had known of others who had been greatly benefited by Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a supply at Connell's Drug store. My back was aching severely and the kidney secretions were too frequent in passage. A few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I haven't been bothered since. There is nothing like Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney complaint and I advise others to use them."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hanson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

## Church and Sunday School

**ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC**  
Mass every other Sunday at 8 a. m., every alternate Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Mass every week day at 7:30 a. m. Rectory residence, 409 South Bridge street.  
Rev. John A. Klich, Rector.

**HOLY TRINITY MISSION**  
(Episcopal)  
Corner of Congress and Alderman streets. Hours of service Sunday: 10:30—Morning service.  
Rev. Robert S. Nash, Priest-in-Charge.

**FREE METHODIST CHURCH**  
Sunday school, 10:00.  
Morning worship, 11:00.  
Class meeting, 12:00.  
Evening service, 7:00. Sermon by the pastor.  
Holiness meeting, Tuesday evening, 7:30.  
Prayer service, Thursday evening, 7:30.  
You are welcome.  
J. Fred Iulig, Pastor.

**METHODIST**  
Sunday, 10:00, class meeting; 10:30, morning service; 11:45, Sunday school; Epworth league, 6:00; evening service at 7:00 p. m.  
Prayer meeting for young women in Philaetha room and young men in Baraca room Tuesday evening, 7:30.  
Thursday evening at 7:30, general prayer meeting followed by Bible study.  
P. Ray Norton, Pastor.

**CONGREGATIONAL**  
Sunday—Morning service, 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 11:45; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:00 p. m.; evening service and sermon, 7:30; prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:30.

**LATTER DAY SAINTS**  
Sunday school, 10:30; prayer service, 11:30; religio, 6:30; preaching, 7:30.  
J. D. Aelick, Pastor.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE**  
Christian Science society, 106 So. Pleasant street.  
Sunday morning service at 10:45. Sunday school at 11:45.  
Testimonial meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

**CHURCH OF CHRIST**  
Regular services on Sunday, 10:30 a. m. Worship and communion. 12:00 noon, Bible school; 6:00 p. m., senior C. E.; 7:00 p. m., evangelistic service.  
Mid-week prayer meeting and training class Thursday at 7:30 p. m. You are cordially invited to all services of the church.  
Chas. M. Pease, Pastor.

**BAPTIST CHURCH**  
Sunday—Morning worship 10:30 a. m.; Bible school, 12:00; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:00 p. m.; evening service, 7:00; prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30.  
W. A. Bias, Pastor.

### SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Although the lesson verses assigned to us are but few out of this chapter, I feel led to consider the whole chapter, and this we will endeavor to do. The parable of the wicked husbandman, the topic of lesson verses 1-12, was one of many parables which he spoke to them during that last week, in all of which they might have seen themselves and their treatment of him, if they had eyes to see, and ears to hear, and were not so utterly blind and deaf. The parable of the two sons (Matt. 21:28-32), in which he taught that it was easier to save the openly wicked than self-righteous people, was probably spoken just before the parable of our lesson, which is found also in Matt. 21 and Luke 20, and clearly sets forth Israel's treatment of him as the Lord of the vineyard. In Isa. 5:7 it is written "the vineyard of the Lord of Hosts is the house of Israel, and the men of Judah his pleasant plant," and he asks "What could have been done more to my vineyard, that I have not done in it?" yet instead of fruit he only received wild grapes. The situation is summed up in 2 Chron. 36:15, 16, where it is written that although he had compassion on his people, and on his dwelling place, and zealously sent them many messengers, they mocked his words, and misused his prophets, until the wrath of the Lord arose against his people, till there was no remedy. Then followed the seventy years' captivity (2 Chron. 36:21). In the parable of today's lesson the story is brought down to his own time, and the rejection of himself as the well-beloved son and heir, and the consequent giving of the vineyard to others (vs. 6-9). In Matt. 21:43 his saying is "The kingdom of God shall be taken from you, and given to a nation bringing forth the fruits thereof," so that Israel has lost something which might have been here, and yet he has not cast her off forever. See Rom. 11:1, 12; 15:26, 26. It was all foreseen and foretold, and the rejected stone of Israel has become the church's one foundation, and when the church has been completed, and presented to himself, a glorious church, not having spot or wrinkle, or any such thing, then shall he come as the stone without hands, and break in pieces all kingdoms, and set up his own kingdom, which shall never be destroyed. Vs. 10-12; 1 Cor. 3:11; Eph. 5:27; Dan. 2:44, 45.) See also Ps. 118:22.

In verses 13-34, the Pharisees and Herodians, and the Sadducees, and the scribes, all seek to entangle him in his talk, and catch him in his words. How utterly unbearable would all such conduct be to all but himself, yet he came to save even such as these, but they would not have him.

Following the parable of the vineyard it is probable that he spoke the parable of the marriage of the king's son (Matt. 22:1-14), in which he set forth their rejection of all his provision for them. As to the Sadducees, who did not believe in any resurrection nor in angels nor spirits (vs. 18; Acts 23:8), and who came with their foolish question about the woman who had seven husbands; his answer to them was, "Ye do err, not knowing the Scriptures, nor the power of God" (vs. 24 and Matt. 12:29). Although in the resurrection there will be neither marrying, nor giving in marriage, he did not say that those who are specially dear to each other here will not be as dear there; and I like to think of the way he loved to reunite families down here and give back their loved ones, as in the case of Jairus, the widow, and Bethany. As to those whom we call dead being now alive, and in due time the resurrection of their bodies, see vs. 25-27. The question of the scribe seemed more honest, and he seemed to understand in some measure, but there is no contradiction in our Lord's reply to the great truth that the law cannot give life, and that Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth (vs. 28-34; Gal. 3:21, 22; Rom. 10:4).

Verses 35-37 are more fully recorded in Matt. 22:41-46, and the great question is, "What think ye of Christ?" or Pilate's question, "What shall I do with Jesus, who is called Christ?" (Matt. 27:28). Note his quotation from Ps. 110:1, and think of him as still at the right hand of the Father, waiting for the time of his kingdom. As it is written in Heb. 10:12, 13, "From henceforth expecting till his enemies be made his footstool."

In verses 38-40 he warns against the hypocrisy of a mere formal and outward religion, which loves a religious display, and for a pretense makes long prayers, while at the same time oppressing the poor and devouring widows' houses. How strange that poor mortals could imagine thus to deceive God.

In verses 41-44 he tells us what he thinks of some poor oppressed widows and their gifts. Surely the Lord sees not as man seeth; man looketh on the outward but the Lord looketh on the heart (1 Sam. 16:7). Think of the Lord valuing this widow's offering more than all the gifts of the rich. Never speak of it as the widow's mite, for it was two mites and all that she had.

## POULTRY CONSULTATION DEPARTMENT

### Finding the Turkey Nest

It requires some good detective work at times. Given free range, turkey hens usually hide their nests in obscure grass, or bushy thickets. Often they wander a half mile or more from home before they find places that suit them. To find these hidden nests, as they are usually called, is often a long and tedious task, the usual method being to follow each turkey hen as she separates from the flock and turns toward her nest, taking care that she does not know she is observed. But "shadowing" the turkey hen is not always the best way. A much easier and quicker method, according to specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, is to confine the hens early some morning soon after they have come down from the roost and let them out late in the afternoon. This forced delay causes the hens to head straight for their nests in order to lay their eggs.

### Keep Brood Coops Clean

Clean the brood coops at least once a week and keep them free from mites. If mites are found in the coop clean it thoroughly and spray with kerosene or crude petroleum. From 1 to 2 inches of sand or dry dirt or a thin layer of straw or fine hay should be spread on the floor of the coop. Coops should be moved weekly to fresh ground, preferably where there is new grass.

Shade is very essential in rearing chickens during warm weather; therefore place the coops in shady spots whenever possible. A corn field makes fine range for young chickens, as they can find many bugs and worms and have fresh ground to run on most of the time, due to the cultivation of the soil. Abundant shade is furnished at the same time.

### Need More Turkeys, Too

With but little additional outlay to farmers, many more turkeys could be raised, poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture say. The small number of turkeys per farm in the United States is surprising. According to the census of 1910, which is the latest that has been taken, only 13.7 per cent of the total number of farms reported an average of but slightly more than four breeding turkeys was found per farm. Some farms by the nature of the crops grown on them or because of unfavorable surroundings, are not adapted to turkey raising, but most farms are, and could easily handle a breeding flock of 10 to 15 hen turkeys and a tom, raising from 75 to 150 turkeys each year at a good profit. Farmers' Bulletin 791, "Turkey Raising," describes the most successful methods of breeding, feeding, and management. It can be obtained free upon application to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Knowing a dozen languages won't help unless you know how to make a living in one of them.

## Boys Worst Habit

The worst habit that boys can fall into is that of loafing around on the streets at night. It is then they cast their lot in slippery places when at any time they are likely to fall from grace. All good and noble lessons taught them by their mothers are here counteracted and nullified. They learn nothing that is good; but everything bad. The boys who spend their evenings in the sacred precincts of home are the future hope of the republic; they will fill our legislative and congressional halls, and sit in judgment upon men and measures, while the boys who run the streets will fill our penitentiaries, almshouses and lunatic asylums. Parents who are responsible for these broken laws of decency will have broken hearts and bowed heads in the awakening years that will inevitably follow.

### Airplane Developed by War.

When the war began the highest type of airplane could not be depended upon to do much more than 50 miles an hour. Today the speedier war planes make 120 miles an hour in long flights. Where the best machines formerly carried two men, or their equivalent in weight, the larger machines of the present will safely carry a ton or more of cargo.

### Unsatisfactory Visit.

"Congressman Twobble writes that he is my representative and wants to serve me," said Mr. Dubwalte. "What are you going to ask for?" "Nothing. The last time I visited Washington, with the fond expectation of hobnobbing with the great, he turned me over to his secretary, and the most important person I met was a hotel doorman."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### Cure for Shooting Corn.

A shooting corn, if wrapped up in an ivy leaf well soaked in vinegar, will cease from troubling.

## Here's Speedy Relief from Kidney Troubles

"Foley Kidney Pills have done me a heap of good." A. T. Bartlett, Brockton, Mass.

Some days it seems as if you can no longer bear the pain and misery you suffer from kidney and bladder trouble. The ache across your back grows worse with every move you make, and with every step you take. It not only robs you of all your strength and energy, but it affects the other important organs of the body as well. Nervousness, headache, disordered stomach, liver trouble, bad eyesight, are only some of the conditions that follow kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills help the sick weak kidneys to regain their normal healthy state and activity. When they are again able to do their work effectively, your system is no longer choked and clogged with poisonous waste matter. Your symptoms clear up, your weariness, pain, misery and weakness go away. Foley Kidney Pills can do you also "a heap of good."

Wortley & French  
Connell's Drug Store

## Cream and Eggs Wanted

Belding branch of the FOX RIVER BUTTER CO. is now ready for your cream and eggs. Highest test and satisfactory prices will make business pleasant and profitable for us both.

## Fox River Butter Co.

FRED M. SAUER, MGR.

West Main Street.

## Belding Market Quotations

Butter Fat	.....43
Butter	.....35
Eggs	.....31
MEATS	
Beef, live	.....7-11
Hogs, live	.....12
Hogs, dressed	.....21
Veal Calves, live	.....10-11
Sheep, live	.....14-16
Lambs, live	.....14-16
GRAIN—PRICES PAID FARMERS	
Wheat No. 1, white	.....2.07
Wheat No. 2, red	.....2.10
Rye	.....1.75
Oats	.....1.85
Corn	.....1.90
Cloverseed	.....9.00
Beans, per cwt.	.....9.00
Potatoes, per cwt.	.....60
HAY AND STRAW	
Timothy, baled	.....26.00
Straw, rye, baled	.....14.00
FEEDS—RETAIL	
Bran, per cwt.	.....
Middlings, per cwt.	.....
Corn and Oat Chop, per cwt.	.....3.50
Cornmeal, per cwt.	.....3.40
Cracked Corn, per cwt.	.....3.50

## News for Housewives

IN accordance with their long established policy of furnishing users of 20 Mule Team Borax products with practical aid on housekeeping problems, the PACIFIC COAST BORAX COMPANY announces that a corps of their expert demonstrators will shortly visit the homes in this locality and personally explain the many household uses of the



## MULE TEAM BORAX PRODUCTS

- 20 Mule Team Borax
- 20 Mule Team Borax Soap Chips
- 20 Mule Team Borax Soap
- 20 Mule Team Boric Acid
- 20 Mule Team Bo-Raxo Bath Powder

This valuable service is free and every housewife should avail herself of it. Information regarding the obtaining of

### A Valuable Premium

will also be furnished by the demonstrator during her visit. Watch for her. It will pay you.